1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to taxation; amending s. 125.0104, 3 F.S.; requiring specified ordinances to expire after a certain amount of time; authorizing the adoption of a 4 5 new ordinance; requiring certain taxes to be renewed 6 by a certain date to remain in effect; providing 7 applicability; providing an exception; amending s. 8 192.001, F.S.; revising the definition of the term 9 "tangible personal property" to specify the conditions under which certain work is deemed substantially 10 completed; providing applicability; providing for 11 retroactive operation; amending s. 193.624, F.S.; 12 revising the definition of the term "renewable energy 13 source device"; providing applicability; amending s. 14 194.037, F.S.; revising obsolete provisions; amending 15 16 s. 201.08, F.S.; providing applicability to certain mortgages; defining term; providing retroactive 17 18 operation; amending s. 212.0306, F.S.; clarifying the 19 necessary vote for the levy of a tax; amending s. 212.031, F.S.; providing a temporary reduction in a 20 specified tax rate; amending s. 212.05, F.S.; 21 22 providing a sales tax exemption for certain leases and 23 rentals; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; revising the 24 number of years that certain taxes may be levied; 25 requiring approval of certain taxes in a referendum;

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removing a restriction on counties that may levy a specified tax; revising the date when a certain tax may expire; amending s. 212.11, F.S.; authorizing an automatic extension for filing returns and remitting sales and use tax when specified states of emergency are declared; amending s. 212.20, F.S.; extending the date a certain distribution will be repealed; amending s. 220.02, F.S.; revising the order in which credits may be taken to include a specified credit; amending s. 220.03, F.S.; revising the date of adoption of the Internal Revenue Code and other federal income tax statutes for purposes of the state corporate income tax; providing retroactive operation; creating s. 220.1992, F.S.; defining the terms "qualified employee" and "qualified taxpayer"; establishing a credit against specified taxes for taxpayers that employ specified individuals; providing the maximum amount of such credit; providing how such credit is determined; providing application requirements; requiring credits to be approved prior to being used; requiring credits to be approved in a specified manner; providing the maximum credit that may be claimed by a single taxpayer; authorizing carryforward of credits in a specified manner; providing the maximum amount of credit that may be granted during

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specified fiscal years; authorizing the Department of Revenue to consult with specified entities for a certain purpose; authorizing rulemaking; amending s. 220.222, F.S.; providing an automatic extension of the due date for a specified tax return in certain circumstances; amending s. 374.986, F.S.; revising obsolete provisions; amending s. 402.62, F.S.; increasing the Strong Families Tax Credit cap; providing when applications may be submitted to the Department of Revenue; amending s. 413.4021, F.S.; increasing the distribution for a specified program; amending s. 571.265, F.S.; extending the date of a future repeal; exempting from sales and use tax specified disaster preparedness supplies during specified timeframes; defining terms; specifying locations where the tax exemptions do not apply; exempting from sales and use tax admissions to certain events, performances, and facilities, certain season tickets, and the retail sale of certain boating and water activity, camping, fishing, general outdoor, and residential pool supplies and sporting equipment during specified timeframes; providing definitions; specifying locations where the tax exemptions do not apply; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; exempting from sales and use tax the

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retail sale of certain clothing, wallets, bags, school supplies, learning aids and jigsaw puzzles, and personal computers and personal computer-related accessories during specified timeframes; providing definitions; specifying locations where the tax exemptions do not apply; authorizing certain dealers to opt out of participating in the tax holiday, subject to certain requirements; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; exempting from the sales and use tax the retail sale of certain tools during a specified timeframe; specifying locations where the tax exemptions do not apply; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; requiring certain counties to use specified tax revenue for affordable housing; providing requirements for housing financed with such revenue; providing for distribution of such funds; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules for specified provisions; providing for future repeal; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) are added to subsection (4) of section 125.0104, Florida Statutes, to read:

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125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying; authorized uses; referendum; enforcement.—

- (4) ORDINANCE LEVY TAX; PROCEDURE. -
- (f) An ordinance that levies and imposes a tax pursuant to this section expires 6 years after the date the ordinance is approved in a referendum, but may be renewed for subsequent 6-year periods if each 6-year period is approved in a referendum held pursuant to subsection (6).
- (g) Any tax imposed pursuant to this section and in effect on June 30, 2024, must be renewed by an ordinance approved in a referendum held pursuant to subsection (6) on or before July 1, 2029, in order to remain in effect after July 1, 2029.
- (h) The state covenants with holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by counties before July 1, 2024, that it will not impair or materially alter the rights of those holders or relieve counties of the duty to meet their obligations as a result of previous pledges or assignments entered into under this section as it existed before July 1, 2024. Therefore, paragraph (g) does not apply in any case in which the proceeds of a tax levied pursuant to this section on or before June 30, 2024, have been pledged to secure and liquidate revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds as authorized by this section, unless such bonds are retired before July 1, 2029. If the bonds are not retired on July 1, 2029, paragraph (g) shall apply as though July 1, 2029, was instead replaced

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with July 1 of the year following the retirement of such bonds.

Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (11) of section 192.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

192.001 Definitions.—All definitions set out in chapters 1 and 200 that are applicable to this chapter are included herein. In addition, the following definitions shall apply in the imposition of ad valorem taxes:

- (11) "Personal property," for the purposes of ad valorem taxation, shall be divided into four categories as follows:
- "Tangible personal property" means all goods, chattels, and other articles of value (but does not include the vehicular items enumerated in s. 1(b), Art. VII of the State Constitution and elsewhere defined) capable of manual possession and whose chief value is intrinsic to the article itself. "Construction work in progress" consists of those items of tangible personal property commonly known as fixtures, machinery, and equipment when in the process of being installed in new or expanded improvements to real property and whose value is materially enhanced upon connection or use with a preexisting, taxable, operational system or facility. Construction work in progress shall be deemed substantially completed when connected with the preexisting, taxable, operational system or facility. For the purpose of tangible personal property constructed or installed by an electric utility, construction work in progress shall not be deemed

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151	substantially completed unless all permits or approvals required									
152	for commercial operation have been received or approved.									
153	Inventory and household goods are expressly excluded from this									
154	definition.									
155	Section 3. The amendment made by this act to s. 192.001,									
156	Florida Statutes, first applies to the 2024 property tax roll,									
157	and operates retroactively to January 1, 2024.									
158	Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 193.624, Florida									
159	Statutes, is amended to read:									
160	193.624 Assessment of renewable energy source devices.—									
161	(1) As used in this section, the term "renewable energy									

(a) Solar energy collectors, photovoltaic modules, and inverters.

collects, transmits, stores, or uses solar energy, wind energy,

or energy derived from geothermal deposits or biogas, as defined

source device" means any of the following equipment that

- (b) Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding swimming pools used as storage tanks.
 - (c) Rockbeds.

in s. 366.91:

- (d) Thermostats and other control devices.
 - (e) Heat exchange devices.
 - (f) Pumps and fans.
 - (g) Roof ponds.
- (h) Freestanding thermal containers.

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- (i) Pipes, ducts, wiring, structural supports, refrigerant handling systems, and other components used as integral parts of such systems; however, such equipment does not include conventional backup systems of any type or any equipment or structure that would be required in the absence of the renewable energy source device.
 - (j) Windmills and wind turbines.
 - (k) Wind-driven generators.
- (1) Power conditioning and storage devices that store or use solar energy, wind energy, or energy derived from geothermal deposits to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy.
- (m) Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal deposit.
- (n) Pipes, equipment, structural facilities, structural support, and any other machinery integral to the interconnection, production, storage, compression, transportation, processing, and conversion of biogas from landfill waste, livestock farm waste, including manure, food waste, or treated wastewater into renewable natural gas as defined in s. 366.91.

The term does not include equipment that is on the distribution or transmission side of the point at which a renewable energy source device is interconnected to an electric utility's

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distribution grid or transmission lines <u>or a natural gas</u> pipeline or distribution system.

Section 5. The amendments made by this act to s. 193.624, Florida Statutes, first apply to the 2025 property tax roll.

Section 6. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 194.037, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

194.037 Disclosure of tax impact.—

(1) After hearing all petitions, complaints, appeals, and disputes, the clerk shall make public notice of the findings and results of the board as provided in chapter 50. If published in the print edition of a newspaper, the notice must be in at least a quarter-page size advertisement of a standard size or tabloid size newspaper, and the headline shall be in a type no smaller than 18 point. The advertisement shall not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear. The advertisement shall be published in a newspaper in the county. The newspaper selected shall be one of general interest and readership in the community pursuant to chapter 50. For all advertisements published pursuant to this section, the headline shall read: TAX IMPACT OF VALUE ADJUSTMENT BOARD. The public notice shall list the members of the value adjustment board and the taxing authorities to which they are elected. The form shall show, in columnar form, for each of the property classes listed under subsection (2), the following information, with appropriate column totals:

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(f) In the sixth column, the net change in taxable value from the <u>property appraiser's</u> assessor's initial roll which results from board decisions.

Section 7. Subsections (6), (7), and (8) of section 201.08, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (7), (8), and (9), respectively, and subsection (6) is added to that section, and paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of that section is republished to read:

201.08 Tax on promissory or nonnegotiable notes, written obligations to pay money, or assignments of wages or other compensation; exception.—

(1)

(b) On mortgages, trust deeds, security agreements, or other evidences of indebtedness filed or recorded in this state, and for each renewal of the same, the tax shall be 35 cents on each \$100 or fraction thereof of the indebtedness or obligation evidenced thereby. Mortgages, including, but not limited to, mortgages executed without the state and recorded in the state, which incorporate the certificate of indebtedness, not otherwise shown in separate instruments, are subject to the same tax at the same rate. When there is both a mortgage, trust deed, or security agreement and a note, certificate of indebtedness, or obligation, the tax shall be paid on the mortgage, trust deed, or security agreement at the time of recordation. A notation shall be made on the note, certificate of indebtedness, or obligation that the tax has been paid on the mortgage, trust

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deed, or security agreement. If a mortgage, trust deed, security agreement, or other evidence of indebtedness is subsequently filed or recorded in this state to evidence an indebtedness or obligation upon which tax was paid under paragraph (a) or subsection (2), tax shall be paid on the mortgage, trust deed, security agreement, or other evidence of indebtedness on the amount of the indebtedness or obligation evidenced which exceeds the aggregate amount upon which tax was previously paid under this paragraph and under paragraph (a) or subsection (2). If the mortgage, trust deed, security agreement, or other evidence of indebtedness subject to the tax levied by this section secures future advances, as provided in s. 697.04, the tax shall be paid at the time of recordation on the initial debt or obligation secured, excluding future advances; at the time and so often as any future advance is made, the tax shall be paid on all sums then advanced regardless of where such advance is made. Notwithstanding the aforestated general rule, any increase in the amount of original indebtedness caused by interest accruing under an adjustable rate note or mortgage having an initial interest rate adjustment interval of not less than 6 months shall be taxable as a future advance only to the extent such increase is a computable sum certain when the document is executed. Failure to pay the tax shall not affect the lien for any such future advance given by s. 697.04, but any person who fails or refuses to pay such tax due by him or her is quilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. The mortgage, trust deed, or other instrument shall not be enforceable in any court of this

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state as to any such advance unless and until the tax due thereon upon each advance that may have been made thereunder has been paid.

(6) For a home equity conversion mortgage as defined in 12 CFR s. 1026.33(a), only the principal limit available to the borrower is subject to the tax imposed in this section. The maximum claim amount and the stated mortgage amount are not subject to the tax imposed in this section. As used in this subsection, the term "principal limit" means the gross amount of loan proceeds available to the borrower without consideration of any use restrictions. For purposes of this subsection, the tax must be calculated based on the principal limit amount determined at the time of closing as evidenced by the recorded mortgage or any supporting documents attached thereto.

Section 8. The amendment to s. 201.08, Florida Statutes, made by this act is intended to be remedial in nature and shall apply retroactively, but does not create a right to a refund or credit of any tax paid before the effective date of this act.

For any home equity conversion mortgage recorded before the effective date of this act, the taxpayer may evidence the principal limit using related loan documents.

Section 9. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 212.0306, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.0306 Local option food and beverage tax; procedure for levying; authorized uses; administration.—
(2)

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(a) sales in cities or towns presently imposing a								
municipal resort tax as authorized by chapter 67-930, Laws of								
Florida, are exempt from the taxes authorized by subsection (1);								
however, the tax authorized by paragraph (1)(b) may be levied in								
such city or town if the governing authority of the city or town								
adopts an ordinance that is subsequently approved by a majority								
of the registered electors in such city or town voting in at a								
referendum held at a general election as defined in s. 97.021.								
Any tax levied in a city or town pursuant to this paragraph								
takes effect on the first day of January following the general								
election in which the ordinance was approved. A referendum to								
reenact an expiring tax authorized under this paragraph must be								
held at a general election occurring within the 48-month period								
immediately preceding the effective date of the reenacted tax,								
and the referendum may appear on the ballot only once within the								
48-month period.								
Section 10. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (1) of								
section 212.031, Florida Statutes, to read:								
212.031 Tax on rental or license fee for use of real								
property								
(1)								
(f) From July 1, 2024, through June 30, 2025, the tax rate								
under paragraphs (c) and (d) shall be 1.25 percent.								
Section 11. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section								

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

212.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.05 Sales, storage, use tax.—It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this state, including the business of making or facilitating remote sales; who rents or furnishes any of the things or services taxable under this chapter; or who stores for use or consumption in this state any item or article of tangible personal property as defined herein and who leases or rents such property within the state.

- (1) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied on each taxable transaction or incident, which tax is due and payable as follows:
- (c) At the rate of 6 percent of the gross proceeds derived from the lease or rental of tangible personal property, as defined herein; however, the following special provisions apply to the lease or rental of motor vehicles and to peer-to-peer car-sharing programs:
- 1. When a motor vehicle is leased or rented by a motor vehicle rental company or through a peer-to-peer car-sharing program as those terms are defined in s. 212.0606(1) for a period of less than 12 months:
- a. If the motor vehicle is rented in Florida, the entire amount of such rental is taxable, even if the vehicle is dropped off in another state.
 - b. If the motor vehicle is rented in another state and

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dropped off in Florida, the rental is exempt from Florida tax.

- c. If the motor vehicle is rented through a peer-to-peer car-sharing program, the peer-to-peer car-sharing program shall collect and remit the applicable tax due in connection with the rental.
- 2. Except as provided in subparagraph 3., for the lease or rental of a motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12 months, sales tax is due on the lease or rental payments if the vehicle is registered in this state; provided, however, that no tax shall be due if the taxpayer documents use of the motor vehicle outside this state and tax is being paid on the lease or rental payments in another state.
- 3. The tax imposed by this chapter does not apply to the lease or rental of a commercial motor vehicle as defined in s. 316.003(14)(a) to one lessee or rentee, or of a motor vehicle as defined in s. 316.003 which is to be used primarily in the trade or established business of the lessee or rentee, for a period of not less than 12 months when tax was paid on the purchase price of such vehicle by the lessor. To the extent tax was paid with respect to the purchase of such vehicle in another state, territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, the Florida tax payable shall be reduced in accordance with s. 212.06(7). This subparagraph shall only be available when the lease or rental of such property is an established business or part of an established business or the same is incidental or

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germane to such business.

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Section 12. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1), paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (3), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), subsection (5), paragraph (f) of subsection (9), and subsection (10) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; authorization and use of proceeds. - It is the legislative intent that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.

- (1) CHARTER COUNTY AND REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM SURTAX.—
- (f) Any discretionary sales surtax levied under this subsection pursuant to a referendum held on or after July 1, 2024 2020, may not be levied for more than 10 30 years.
 - (3) SMALL COUNTY SURTAX.-
 - (a) The governing authority in each county that has a

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population of 50,000 or less on April 1, 1992, may levy a discretionary sales surtax of 0.5 percent or 1 percent. The levy of the surtax shall be pursuant to ordinance enacted by an extraordinary vote of the members of the county governing authority and if the surtax revenues are expended for operating purposes. If the surtax revenues are expended for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness, the surtax shall be approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting in a referendum on the surtax.

- (d)1. If the surtax is levied pursuant to a referendum, The proceeds of the surtax and any interest accrued thereto may be expended by the school district or within the county and municipalities within the county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, within another county, for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness to finance, plan, and construct infrastructure and to acquire land for public recreation or conservation or protection of natural resources. However, if the surtax is levied pursuant to an ordinance approved by an extraordinary vote of the members of the county governing authority, The proceeds and any interest accrued thereto may also be used for operational expenses of any infrastructure or for any public purpose authorized in the ordinance under which the surtax is levied.
- 2. For the purposes of this paragraph, "infrastructure" means any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital costs

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associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more years and any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs related thereto.

- (4) INDIGENT CARE AND TRAUMA CENTER SURTAX.-
- (a)1. The governing body in each county that the government of which is not consolidated with that of one or more municipalities, which has a population of at least 800,000 residents and is not authorized to levy a surtax under subsection (5), may levy, pursuant to an ordinance either approved by an extraordinary vote of the governing body or conditioned to take effect only upon approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county voting in a referendum, a discretionary sales surtax at a rate that may not exceed 0.5 percent.
- 2. If the ordinance is conditioned on a referendum, A statement that includes a brief and general description of the purposes to be funded by the surtax and that conforms to the requirements of s. 101.161 shall be placed on the ballot by the governing body of the county. The following questions shall be placed on the ballot:

3. The ordinance adopted by the governing body providing for the imposition of the surtax shall set forth a plan for

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providing health care services to qualified residents, as defined in subparagraph 4. Such plan and subsequent amendments to it shall fund a broad range of health care services for both indigent persons and the medically poor, including, but not limited to, primary care and preventive care as well as hospital care. The plan must also address the services to be provided by the Level I trauma center. It shall emphasize a continuity of care in the most cost-effective setting, taking into consideration both a high quality of care and geographic access. Where consistent with these objectives, it shall include, without limitation, services rendered by physicians, clinics, community hospitals, mental health centers, and alternative delivery sites, as well as at least one regional referral hospital where appropriate. It shall provide that agreements negotiated between the county and providers, including hospitals with a Level I trauma center, will include reimbursement methodologies that take into account the cost of services rendered to eligible patients, recognize hospitals that render a disproportionate share of indigent care, provide other incentives to promote the delivery of charity care, promote the advancement of technology in medical services, recognize the level of responsiveness to medical needs in trauma cases, and require cost containment including, but not limited to, case management. It must also provide that any hospitals that are owned and operated by government entities on May 21, 1991, must,

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as a condition of receiving funds under this subsection, afford public access equal to that provided under s. 286.011 as to meetings of the governing board, the subject of which is budgeting resources for the rendition of charity care as that term is defined in the Florida Hospital Uniform Reporting System (FHURS) manual referenced in s. 408.07. The plan shall also include innovative health care programs that provide costeffective alternatives to traditional methods of service delivery and funding.

- 4. For the purpose of this paragraph, the term "qualified resident" means residents of the authorizing county who are:
- a. Qualified as indigent persons as certified by the authorizing county;
- b. Certified by the authorizing county as meeting the definition of the medically poor, defined as persons having insufficient income, resources, and assets to provide the needed medical care without using resources required to meet basic needs for shelter, food, clothing, and personal expenses; or not being eligible for any other state or federal program, or having medical needs that are not covered by any such program; or having insufficient third-party insurance coverage. In all cases, the authorizing county is intended to serve as the payor of last resort; or
- c. Participating in innovative, cost-effective programs approved by the authorizing county.

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- 5. Moneys collected pursuant to this paragraph remain the property of the state and shall be distributed by the Department of Revenue on a regular and periodic basis to the clerk of the circuit court as ex officio custodian of the funds of the authorizing county. The clerk of the circuit court shall:
- a. Maintain the moneys in an indigent health care trust fund;
- b. Invest any funds held on deposit in the trust fund pursuant to general law;
- Disburse the funds, including any interest earned, to any provider of health care services, as provided in subparagraphs 3. and 4., upon directive from the authorizing county. However, if a county has a population of at least 800,000 residents and has levied the surtax authorized in this paragraph, notwithstanding any directive from the authorizing county, on October 1 of each calendar year, the clerk of the court shall issue a check in the amount of \$6.5 million to a hospital in its jurisdiction that has a Level I trauma center or shall issue a check in the amount of \$3.5 million to a hospital in its jurisdiction that has a Level I trauma center if that county enacts and implements a hospital lien law in accordance with chapter 98-499, Laws of Florida. The issuance of the checks on October 1 of each year is provided in recognition of the Level I trauma center status and shall be in addition to the base contract amount received during fiscal year 1999-2000 and

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any additional amount negotiated to the base contract. If the hospital receiving funds for its Level I trauma center status requests such funds to be used to generate federal matching funds under Medicaid, the clerk of the court shall instead issue a check to the Agency for Health Care Administration to accomplish that purpose to the extent that it is allowed through the General Appropriations Act; and

- d. Prepare on a biennial basis an audit of the trust fund specified in sub-subparagraph a. Commencing February 1, 2004, such audit shall be delivered to the governing body and to the chair of the legislative delegation of each authorizing county.
- 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a county shall not levy local option sales surtaxes authorized in this paragraph and subsections (2) and (3) in excess of a combined rate of 1 percent.
- (5) COUNTY PUBLIC HOSPITAL SURTAX.— Any county as defined in s. 125.011(1) may levy the surtax authorized in this subsection pursuant to an ordinance either approved by extraordinary vote of the county commission or conditioned to take effect only upon approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county voting in a referendum. In a county as defined in s. 125.011(1), for the purposes of this subsection, "county public general hospital" means a general hospital as defined in s. 395.002 which is owned, operated, maintained, or governed by the county or its agency, authority, or public

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555 health trust.

- (a) The rate shall be 0.5 percent.
- (b) If the ordinance is conditioned on a referendum, The proposal to adopt the county public hospital surtax shall be placed on the ballot in accordance with subsection (10). The referendum question on the ballot shall include a brief general description of the health care services to be funded by the surtax.
 - (c) Proceeds from the surtax shall be:
- 1. Deposited by the county in a special fund, set aside from other county funds, to be used only for the operation, maintenance, and administration of the county public general hospital; and
- 2. Remitted promptly by the county to the agency, authority, or public health trust created by law which administers or operates the county public general hospital.
- (d) Except as provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2., the county must continue to contribute each year an amount equal to at least 80 percent of that percentage of the total county budget appropriated for the operation, administration, and maintenance of the county public general hospital from the county's general revenues in the fiscal year of the county ending September 30, 1991:
- 1. Twenty-five percent of such amount must be remitted to a governing board, agency, or authority that is wholly

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independent from the public health trust, agency, or authority responsible for the county public general hospital, to be used solely for the purpose of funding the plan for indigent health care services provided for in paragraph (e);

- 2. However, in the first year of the plan, a total of \$10 million shall be remitted to such governing board, agency, or authority, to be used solely for the purpose of funding the plan for indigent health care services provided for in paragraph (e), and in the second year of the plan, a total of \$15 million shall be so remitted and used.
- (e) A governing board, agency, or authority shall be chartered by the county commission upon this act becoming law. The governing board, agency, or authority shall adopt and implement a health care plan for indigent health care services. The governing board, agency, or authority shall consist of no more than seven and no fewer than five members appointed by the county commission. The members of the governing board, agency, or authority shall be at least 18 years of age and residents of the county. No member may be employed by or affiliated with a health care provider or the public health trust, agency, or authority responsible for the county public general hospital. The following community organizations shall each appoint a representative to a nominating committee: the South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association, the Miami-Dade County Public Health Trust, the Dade County Medical Association, the

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Miami-Dade County Homeless Trust, and the Mayor of Miami-Dade County. This committee shall nominate between 10 and 14 county citizens for the governing board, agency, or authority. The slate shall be presented to the county commission and the county commission shall confirm the top five to seven nominees, depending on the size of the governing board. Until such time as the governing board, agency, or authority is created, the funds provided for in subparagraph (d) 2. shall be placed in a restricted account set aside from other county funds and not disbursed by the county for any other purpose.

- 1. The plan shall divide the county into a minimum of four and maximum of six service areas, with no more than one participant hospital per service area. The county public general hospital shall be designated as the provider for one of the service areas. Services shall be provided through participants' primary acute care facilities.
- 2. The plan and subsequent amendments to it shall fund a defined range of health care services for both indigent persons and the medically poor, including primary care, preventive care, hospital emergency room care, and hospital care necessary to stabilize the patient. For the purposes of this section, "stabilization" means stabilization as defined in s. 397.311. Where consistent with these objectives, the plan may include services rendered by physicians, clinics, community hospitals, and alternative delivery sites, as well as at least one regional

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referral hospital per service area. The plan shall provide that agreements negotiated between the governing board, agency, or authority and providers shall recognize hospitals that render a disproportionate share of indigent care, provide other incentives to promote the delivery of charity care to draw down federal funds where appropriate, and require cost containment, including, but not limited to, case management. From the funds specified in subparagraphs (d) 1. and 2. for indigent health care services, service providers shall receive reimbursement at a Medicaid rate to be determined by the governing board, agency, or authority created pursuant to this paragraph for the initial emergency room visit, and a per-member per-month fee or capitation for those members enrolled in their service area, as compensation for the services rendered following the initial emergency visit. Except for provisions of emergency services, upon determination of eligibility, enrollment shall be deemed to have occurred at the time services were rendered. The provisions for specific reimbursement of emergency services shall be repealed on July 1, 2001, unless otherwise reenacted by the Legislature. The capitation amount or rate shall be determined before program implementation by an independent actuarial consultant. In no event shall such reimbursement rates exceed the Medicaid rate. The plan must also provide that any hospitals owned and operated by government entities on or after the effective date of this act must, as a condition of receiving

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funds under this subsection, afford public access equal to that provided under s. 286.011 as to any meeting of the governing board, agency, or authority the subject of which is budgeting resources for the retention of charity care, as that term is defined in the rules of the Agency for Health Care Administration. The plan shall also include innovative health care programs that provide cost-effective alternatives to traditional methods of service and delivery funding.

- 3. The plan's benefits shall be made available to all county residents currently eligible to receive health care services as indigents or medically poor as defined in paragraph (4)(d).
- 4. Eligible residents who participate in the health care plan shall receive coverage for a period of 12 months or the period extending from the time of enrollment to the end of the current fiscal year, per enrollment period, whichever is less.
- 5. At the end of each fiscal year, the governing board, agency, or authority shall prepare an audit that reviews the budget of the plan, delivery of services, and quality of services, and makes recommendations to increase the plan's efficiency. The audit shall take into account participant hospital satisfaction with the plan and assess the amount of poststabilization patient transfers requested, and accepted or denied, by the county public general hospital.
 - (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a

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county may not levy local option sales surtaxes authorized in this subsection and subsections (2) and (3) in excess of a combined rate of 1 percent.

- (9) PENSION LIABILITY SURTAX. -
- (f) A pension liability surtax imposed pursuant to this subsection shall terminate on December 31 of the year in which the actuarial funding level is expected to reach or exceed 100 percent for the defined benefit retirement plan or system for which the surtax was levied or December 31, of the tenth year after the surtax was approved in a referendum under this subsection 2060, whichever occurs first. The most recent actuarial report submitted to the Department of Management Services pursuant to s. 112.63 must be used to establish the level of actuarial funding.
 - (10) DATES FOR REFERENDA; LIMITATIONS ON LEVY.-
- (a) A referendum to adopt, amend, or reenact a local government discretionary sales surtax under this section must be held at a general election as defined in s. 97.021. A referendum to reenact an expiring surtax must be held at a general election occurring within the 48-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the reenacted surtax. Such a referendum may appear on the ballot only once within the 48-month period.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (4) (b), any new or reenacted discretionary sales surtax levied pursuant to a referendum held on or after July 1, 2024, may not be levied for

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more than 10 years, unless reenacted by ordinance subject to approval by a majority of the electors voting in a subsequent referendum.

Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 212.11, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

212.11 Tax returns and regulations.-

(1)

- (b) $\underline{1}$. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of tax payable under this chapter, it shall be the duty of all dealers to file a return and remit the tax, on or before the 20th day of the month, to the department, upon forms prepared and furnished by it or in a format prescribed by it. Such return must show the rentals, admissions, gross sales, or purchases, as the case may be, arising from all leases, rentals, admissions, sales, or purchases taxable under this chapter during the preceding calendar month.
- 2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1. and in addition to any extension or waiver ordered pursuant to s. 213.055, a dealer is granted an automatic 10 calendar day extension from the due date for filing a return and remitting the tax if all of the following conditions are met:
- <u>a. The Governor has ordered or proclaimed a declaration of</u>
 <u>a state of emergency pursuant to s. 252.36.</u>
 - b. The declaration is the first declaration for the event

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giving rise to the state of emergency, or expands the counties covered by the initial state of emergency without extending or renewing the period of time covered by the first declaration of a state of emergency.

c. The first day of the period covered by the first declaration for the event giving rise to the state of emergency is within 5 business days before the 20th day of the month.

(4)

- (b) $\underline{1}$. The amount of any estimated tax shall be due, payable, and remitted by electronic funds transfer by the 20th day of the month for which it is estimated. The difference between the amount of estimated tax paid and the actual amount of tax due under this chapter for such month shall be due and payable by the first day of the following month and remitted by electronic funds transfer by the 20th day thereof.
- 2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1. and in addition to any extension or waiver ordered pursuant to s. 213.055, a dealer with a certificate of registration issued under s. 212.18 to engage in or conduct business in a county to which an emergency declaration applies in sub-subparagraph b. is granted an automatic 10 calendar day extension from the due date for filing a return and remitting the tax if all of the following conditions are met:
- a. The Governor has ordered or proclaimed a declaration of a state of emergency pursuant to s. 252.36.

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b.	The de	eclarati	on is	the :	first	decl	aration	for	the	event
giving	rise to	the star	te of	emer	gency,	or	expands	the	cour	nties
covered	by the	initial	state	e of (emerge	ency	without	exte	endir	ng or
renewin	g the pe	eriod of	time	cove	red by	the	first	decla	arati	on of
a state	of eme:	rgency.								

- c. The first day of the period covered by the first declaration for the event giving rise to the state of emergency is within 5 business days before the 20th day of the month.
- Section 14. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected.—
- (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and ss. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) and 203.01(1)(a)3. is as follows:
- (d) The proceeds of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. In any fiscal year, the greater of \$500 million, minus an amount equal to 4.6 percent of the proceeds of the taxes collected pursuant to chapter 201, or 5.2 percent of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be deposited in monthly installments into the General Revenue Fund.
 - 2. After the distribution under subparagraph 1., 8.9744

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percent of the amount remitted by a sales tax dealer located within a participating county pursuant to s. 218.61 shall be transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund. Beginning July 1, 2003, the amount to be transferred shall be reduced by 0.1 percent, and the department shall distribute this amount to the Public Employees Relations Commission Trust Fund less \$5,000 each month, which shall be added to the amount calculated in subparagraph 3. and distributed accordingly.

- 3. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1. and 2., 0.0966 percent shall be transferred to the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and distributed pursuant to s. 218.65.
- 4. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 2.0810 percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Counties pursuant to s. 218.215.
- 5. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 1.3653 percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities pursuant to s. 218.215. If the total revenue to be distributed pursuant to this subparagraph is at least as great as the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, no municipality shall

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receive less than the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000. If the total proceeds to be distributed are less than the amount received in combination from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, each municipality shall receive an amount proportionate to the amount it was due in state fiscal year 1999-2000.

- 6. Of the remaining proceeds:
- a. In each fiscal year, the sum of \$29,915,500 shall be divided into as many equal parts as there are counties in the state, and one part shall be distributed to each county. The distribution among the several counties must begin each fiscal year on or before January 5th and continue monthly for a total of 4 months. If a local or special law required that any moneys accruing to a county in fiscal year 1999-2000 under the then-existing provisions of s. 550.135 be paid directly to the district school board, special district, or a municipal government, such payment must continue until the local or special law is amended or repealed. The state covenants with holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by local governments, special districts, or district school boards before July 1, 2000, that it is not the intent of this subparagraph to adversely affect the rights of those holders or

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relieve local governments, special districts, or district school boards of the duty to meet their obligations as a result of previous pledges or assignments or trusts entered into which obligated funds received from the distribution to county governments under then-existing s. 550.135. This distribution specifically is in lieu of funds distributed under s. 550.135 before July 1, 2000.

- b. The department shall distribute \$166,667 monthly to each applicant certified as a facility for a new or retained professional sports franchise pursuant to s. 288.1162. Up to \$41,667 shall be distributed monthly by the department to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11621 for a facility for a spring training franchise. However, not more than \$416,670 may be distributed monthly in the aggregate to all certified applicants for facilities for spring training franchises. Distributions begin 60 days after such certification and continue for not more than 30 years, except as otherwise provided in s. 288.11621. A certified applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive more in distributions than expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided in s. 288.1162(5) or s. 288.11621(3).
- c. The department shall distribute up to \$83,333 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by a single spring training franchise, or up to \$166,667 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s.

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288.11631 for a facility used by more than one spring training franchise. Monthly distributions begin 60 days after such certification or July 1, 2016, whichever is later, and continue for not more than 20 years to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by a single spring training franchise or not more than 25 years to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by more than one spring training franchise. A certified applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive more in distributions than expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided in s. 288.11631(3).

- d. The department shall distribute \$15,333 monthly to the State Transportation Trust Fund.
- e.(I) On or before July 25, 2021, August 25, 2021, and September 25, 2021, the department shall distribute \$324,533,334 in each of those months to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund, less an adjustment for refunds issued from the General Revenue Fund pursuant to s. 443.131(3)(e)3. before making the distribution. The adjustments made by the department to the total distributions shall be equal to the total refunds made pursuant to s. 443.131(3)(e)3. If the amount of refunds to be subtracted from any single distribution exceeds the distribution, the department may not make that distribution and must subtract the remaining balance from the next distribution.
 - (II) Beginning July 2022, and on or before the 25th day of

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each month, the department shall distribute \$90 million monthly to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund.

- (III) If the ending balance of the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund exceeds \$4,071,519,600 on the last day of any month, as determined from United States Department of the Treasury data, the Office of Economic and Demographic Research shall certify to the department that the ending balance of the trust fund exceeds such amount.
- (IV) This sub-subparagraph is repealed, and the department shall end monthly distributions under sub-sub-subparagraph (II), on the date the department receives certification under sub-sub-subparagraph (III).
- f. Beginning July 1, 2023, in each fiscal year, the department shall distribute \$27.5 million to the Florida Agricultural Promotional Campaign Trust Fund under s. 571.26, for further distribution in accordance with s. 571.265. This sub-subparagraph is repealed June 30, 2027 2025.
- 7. All other proceeds must remain in the General Revenue Fund.
- Section 15. Subsection (8) of section 220.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 220.02 Legislative intent.-
- (8) It is the intent of the Legislature that credits against either the corporate income tax or the franchise tax be applied in the following order: those enumerated in s. 631.828,

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905 those enumerated in s. 220.191, those enumerated in s. 220.181, 906 those enumerated in s. 220.183, those enumerated in s. 220.182, 907 those enumerated in s. 220.1895, those enumerated in s. 220.195, 908 those enumerated in s. 220.184, those enumerated in s. 220.186, 909 those enumerated in s. 220.1845, those enumerated in s. 220.19, those enumerated in s. 220.185, those enumerated in s. 220.1875, 910 911 those enumerated in s. 220.1876, those enumerated in s. 912 220.1877, those enumerated in s. 220.1878, those enumerated in 913 s. 220.193, those enumerated in former s. 288.9916, those enumerated in former s. 220.1899, those enumerated in former s. 914 220.194, those enumerated in s. 220.196, those enumerated in s. 915 220.198, those enumerated in s. 220.1915, those enumerated in s. 916 917 220.199, and those enumerated in s. 220.1991, and those 918 enumerated in s. 220.1992. Section 16. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 919 920 paragraph (n) of subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection 921 (2) of section 220.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 922 220.03 Definitions.-923 SPECIFIC TERMS. - When used in this code, and when not 924

- (1) SPECIFIC TERMS.—When used in this code, and when not otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent thereof, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- (n) "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and in effect on January 1, 2024 2023, except as provided in subsection (3).

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(2) DEFINITIONAL RULESWhen used in this code and neither
otherwise distinctly expressed nor manifestly incompatible with
the intent thereof:
(c) Any term used in this code has the same meaning as
when used in a comparable context in the Internal Revenue Code
and other statutes of the United States relating to federal
income taxes, as such code and statutes are in effect on January
1, $\underline{2024}$ $\underline{2023}$. However, if subsection (3) is implemented, the
meaning of a term shall be taken at the time the term is applied
under this code.
Section 17. (1) The amendments made by this act to s.
220.03, Florida Statutes, operate retroactively to January 1,
<u>2024.</u>
(2) This section shall take effect upon becoming a law.
Section 18. Section 220.1992, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:

<u>220.1992</u> Individuals with Unique Abilities Tax Credit <u>Program.</u>

- (1) For purposes of this section, the term:
- (a) "Qualified employee" means an individual who has a disability, as that term is defined in s. 413.801, and has been employed for at least six months by a qualified taxpayer.
- (b) "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer who employs a qualified employee at a business located in this state.
 - (2) For a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,

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2024, a qualified taxpayer is eligible for a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter in an amount up to \$1,000 for each qualified employee such taxpayer employed during the taxable year. The tax credit shall equal one dollar for each hour the qualified employee worked during the taxable year, up to 1,000 hours.

- (3) (a) The department may adopt rules governing the manner and form of applications for the tax credit and establishing requirements for the proper administration of the tax credit.

 The form must include an affidavit certifying that all information contained within the application is true and correct and must require the taxpayer to specify the number of qualified employees for whom a credit under this section is being claimed and how many hours each qualified employee worked during the taxable year.
- (b) The department must approve the tax credit prior to the taxpayer taking the credit on a return. The department must approve credits on a first-come, first-served basis. If the department determines that an application is incomplete, the department shall notify the taxpayer in writing and the taxpayer shall have 30 days after receiving such notification to correct any deficiency. If corrected in a timely manner, the application shall be deemed completed as of the date the application was first submitted.
 - (c) A taxpayer may not claim a tax credit of more than

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- (d) A taxpayer may carry forward any unused portion of a tax credit under this section for up to 5 taxable years. The carryover may be used in a subsequent year when the tax imposed by this chapter for such year exceeds the credit for such year under this section after applying the other credits and unused credit carryovers in the order provided in s. 220.02(8).
- (4) The combined total amount of tax credits which may be granted under this section is \$5 million in each of state fiscal years 2024-2025, 2025-2026, and 2026-2027.
- (5) The department may consult with the Department of

 Commerce and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities to

 determine if an individual is a qualified employee. The

 Department of Commerce and Agency for Persons with Disabilities

 shall provide technical assistance, when requested by the

 department, on any such question.

Section 19. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (2) of section 220.222, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (d) and (e), respectively, and a new paragraph (c) is added to that subsection, to read:

220.222 Returns; time and place for filing.-

(2)

(c) When a taxpayer has been granted an extension or extensions of time within which to file its federal income tax return for any taxable year due to a federally declared disaster

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that included locations within the state of Florida, and if the requirements of s. 220.32 are met, the due date of the return required under this code is automatically extended to 15 calendar days after the due date for such taxpayer's federal income tax return, including any extensions provided for such return for a federally declared disaster. Nothing in this paragraph affects the authority of the executive director to order an extension or waiver pursuant to s. 213.055(2).

Section 20. Section 374.986, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

374.986 Taxing authority.-

- (1) The <u>property appraiser</u> tax assessor, tax collector, and board of county commissioners of each and every county in said district, shall, when requested by the board, prepare from their official records and deliver any and all information that may be from time to time requested from him or her or them or either of them by the board regarding the tax valuation, assessments, collection, and any other information regarding the levy, assessment, and collection of taxes in each of said counties.
- (2) The board may annually assess and levy against the taxable property in the district a tax not to exceed one-tenth mill on the dollar for each year, and the proceeds from such tax shall be used by the district for all expenses of the district including the purchase price of right-of-way and other property.

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The board shall, on or before the 31st day of July of each year, prepare a tentative annual written budget of the district's expected income and expenditures. In addition, the board shall compute a proposed millage rate to be levied as taxes for that year upon the taxable property in the district for the purposes of said district. The proposed budget shall be submitted to the Department of Environmental Protection for its approval. Prior to adopting a final budget, the district shall comply with the provisions of s. 200.065, relating to the method of fixing millage, and shall fix the final millage rate by resolution of the district and shall also, by resolution, adopt a final budget pursuant to chapter 200. Copies of such resolutions executed in the name of the board by its chair, and attested by its secretary, shall be made and delivered to the county officials specified in s. 200.065 of each and every county in the district, to the Department of Revenue, and to the Chief Financial Officer. Thereupon, it shall be the duty of the property appraiser assessor of each of said counties to assess, and the tax collector of each of said counties to collect, a tax at the rate fixed by said resolution of the board upon all of the real and personal taxable property in said counties for said year (and such officers shall perform such duty) and said levy shall be included in the warrant of the tax assessors of each of said counties and attached to the assessment roll of taxes for each of said counties. The tax collectors of each of said

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counties shall collect such taxes so levied by the board in the same manner as other taxes are collected, and shall pay the same within the time and in the manner prescribed by law, to the treasurer of the board. It shall be the duty of the Chief Financial Officer to assess and levy on all railroad lines and railroad property and telegraph lines and telegraph property in the district a tax at the rate prescribed by resolution of the board, and to collect the tax thereon in the same manner as he or she is required by law to assess and collect taxes for state and county purposes and to remit the same to the treasurer of the board. All such taxes shall be held by the treasurer of the district for the credit of the district and paid out by him or her as provided herein. The tax collector assessor and property appraiser of each of said counties shall be entitled to payment as provided for by general laws.

Section 21. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (5) of section 402.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 402.62 Strong Families Tax Credit.-
- (5) STRONG FAMILIES TAX CREDITS; APPLICATIONS, TRANSFERS, AND LIMITATIONS.—
- (a) Beginning in fiscal year $\underline{2024-2025}$ $\underline{2023-2024}$, the tax credit cap amount is \$40 $\underline{20}$ million in each state fiscal year.
- (b) Beginning October 1, 2021, A taxpayer may submit an application to the Department of Revenue for a tax credit or credits to be taken under one or more of s. 211.0253, s.

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212.1834, s. 220.1877, s. 561.1213, or s. 624.51057, beginning

at 9 a.m. on the first day of the calendar year that is not a

Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

- The taxpayer shall specify in the application each tax for which the taxpayer requests a credit and the applicable taxable year for a credit under s. 220.1877 or s. 624.51057 or the applicable state fiscal year for a credit under s. 211.0253, s. 212.1834, or s. 561.1213. For purposes of s. 220.1877, a taxpayer may apply for a credit to be used for a prior taxable year before the date the taxpayer is required to file a return for that year pursuant to s. 220.222. For purposes of s. 624.51057, a taxpayer may apply for a credit to be used for a prior taxable year before the date the taxpayer is required to file a return for that prior taxable year pursuant to ss. 624.509 and 624.5092. The application must specify the eligible charitable organization to which the proposed contribution will be made. The Department of Revenue shall approve tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis and must obtain the division's approval before approving a tax credit under s. 561.1213.
- 2. Within 10 days after approving or denying an application, the Department of Revenue shall provide a copy of its approval or denial letter to the eligible charitable organization specified by the taxpayer in the application.

Section 22. For the \$20 million in additional credit under s. 402.62 available for fiscal year 2024-25 pursuant to changes

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made by this act, a taxpayer may submit an application to the Department of Revenue beginning at 9 a.m. on July 1, 2024.

Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 413.4021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

413.4021 Program participant selection; tax collection enforcement diversion program.—The Department of Revenue, in coordination with the Florida Association of Centers for Independent Living and the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association, shall select judicial circuits in which to operate the program. The association and the state attorneys' offices shall develop and implement a tax collection enforcement diversion program, which shall collect revenue due from persons who have not remitted their collected sales tax. The criteria for referral to the tax collection enforcement diversion program shall be determined cooperatively between the state attorneys' offices and the Department of Revenue.

(1) Notwithstanding s. 212.20, 100 75 percent of the revenues collected from the tax collection enforcement diversion program shall be deposited into the special reserve account of the Florida Association of Centers for Independent Living, to be used to administer the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services and Employment Assistance Program and to contract with the state attorneys participating in the tax collection enforcement diversion program in an amount of not more than \$75,000 for each state attorney.

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1130	Section 24. Subsection (5) of section 571.265, Florida
1131	Statutes, is amended to read:
1132	571.265 Promotion of Florida thoroughbred breeding and of
1133	thoroughbred racing at Florida thoroughbred tracks; distribution
1134	of funds.—
1135	(5) This section is repealed July 1, 2027 2025 , unless
1136	reviewed and saved from repeal by the Legislature.
1137	Section 25. <u>Disaster preparedness supplies; sales tax</u>
1138	holiday.—
1139	(1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
1140	may not be collected during the period from June 1, 2024,
1141	through June 14, 2024, or during the period from August 24,
1142	2024, through September 6, 2024, on the sale of:
1143	(a) A portable self-powered light source with a sales
1144	price of \$40 or less.
1145	(b) A portable self-powered radio, two-way radio, or
1146	weather-band radio with a sales price of \$50 or less.
1147	(c) A tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting with
1148	a sales price of \$100 or less.
1149	(d) An item normally sold as, or generally advertised as,
1150	a ground anchor system or tie-down kit with a sales price of
1151	<u>\$100 or less.</u>
1152	(e) A gas or diesel fuel tank with a sales price of \$50 or
1153	less.

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(f) A package of AA-cell, AAA-cell, C-cell, D-cell, 6-

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1155	volt, or 9-volt batteries, excluding automobile and boat
1156	batteries, with a sales price of \$50 or less.
1157	(g) A nonelectric food storage cooler with a sales price
1158	of \$60 or less.
1159	(h) A portable generator used to provide light or
1160	communications or preserve food in the event of a power outage
1161	with a sales price of \$3,000 or less.
1162	(i) Reusable ice with a sales price of \$20 or less.
1163	(j) A portable power bank with a sales price of \$60 or
1164	<u>less.</u>
1165	(k) A smoke detector or smoke alarm with a sales price of
1166	\$70 or less.
1167	(1) A fire extinguisher with a sales price of \$70 or less.
1168	(m) A carbon monoxide detector with a sales price of \$70
1169	or less.
1170	(n) The following supplies necessary for the evacuation of
1171	household pets purchased for noncommercial use:
1172	1. Bags of dry dog food or cat food weighing 50 or fewer
1173	pounds with a sales price of \$100 or less per bag.
1174	2. Cans or pouches of wet dog food or cat food with a
1175	sales price of \$10 or less per can or pouch or the equivalent if
1176	sold in a box or case.
1177	3. Over-the-counter pet medications with a sales price of
1178	\$100 or less per item.

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4. Portable kennels or pet carriers with a sales price of

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1180	\$100	or	less	per	item.

- 1181 <u>5. Manual can openers with a sales price of \$15 or less</u>
 1182 per item.
- 1183 <u>6. Leashes, collars, and muzzles with a sales price of \$20</u>
 1184 or less per item.
- 1185 7. Collapsible or travel-sized food bowls or water bowls
 1186 with a sales price of \$15 or less per item.
 - 8. Cat litter weighing 25 or fewer pounds with a sales price of \$25 or less per item.
 - 9. Cat litter pans with a sales price of \$15 or less per item.
- 1191 10. Pet waste disposal bags with a sales price of \$15 or 1192 less per package.
 - 11. Pet pads with a sales price of \$20 or less per box or package.
 - 12. Hamster or rabbit substrate with a sales price of \$15 or less per package.
 - 13. Pet beds with a sales price of \$40 or less per item.
 - apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.
 - (3) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all

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1205	conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to
1206	s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing
1207	this section.
1208	(4) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming
1209	a law.
1210	Section 26. Freedom Month; sales tax holiday.—
1211	(1) The taxes levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
1212	may not be collected on purchases made during the period from
1213	July 1, 2024, through July 31, 2024, on:
1214	(a) The sale by way of admissions, as defined in s.
1215	212.02(1), Florida Statutes, for:
1216	1. A live music event scheduled to be held on any date or
1217	dates from July 1, 2024, through December 31, 2024;
1218	2. A live sporting event scheduled to be held on any date
1219	or dates from July 1, 2024, through December 31, 2024;
1220	3. A movie to be shown in a movie theater on any date or
1221	dates from July 1, 2024, through December 31, 2024;
1222	4. Entry to a museum, including any annual passes;
1223	5. Entry to a state park, including any annual passes;
1224	6. Entry to a ballet, play, or musical theatre performance
1225	scheduled to be held on any date or dates from July 1, 2024,
1226	through December 31, 2024;
1227	7. Season tickets for ballets, plays, music events, or
1228	musical theatre performances;

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8. Entry to a fair, festival, or cultural event scheduled

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to be held on any date or dates from July 1, 2024, through
December 31, 2024; or

- 9. Use of or access to private and membership clubs providing physical fitness facilities from July 1, 2024, through December 31, 2024.
- (b) The retail sale of boating and water activity supplies, camping supplies, fishing supplies, general outdoor supplies, residential pool supplies, children's toys and children's athletic equipment. As used in this section, the term:
- 1. "Boating and water activity supplies" means life jackets and coolers with a sales price of \$75 or less; recreational pool tubes, pool floats, inflatable chairs, and pool toys with a sales price of \$35 or less; safety flares with a sales price of \$50 or less; water skis, wakeboards, kneeboards, and recreational inflatable water tubes or floats capable of being towed with a sales price of \$150 or less; paddleboards and surfboards with a sales price of \$300 or less; canoes and kayaks with a sales price of \$500 or less; paddles and oars with a sales price of \$75 or less; and snorkels, goggles, and swimming masks with a sales price of \$25 or less.
- 2. "Camping supplies" means tents with a sales price of \$200 or less; sleeping bags, portable hammocks, camping stoves, and collapsible camping chairs with a sales price of \$50 or less; and camping lanterns and flashlights with a sales price of

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1255 \$30 or less.

- 3. "Fishing supplies" means rods and reels with a sales price of \$75 or less if sold individually, or \$150 or less if sold as a set; tackle boxes or bags with a sales price of \$30 or less; and bait or fishing tackle with a sales price of \$5 or less if sold individually, or \$10 or less if multiple items are sold together. The term does not include supplies used for commercial fishing purposes.
- 4. "General outdoor supplies" means sunscreen, sunblock, or insect repellant with a sales price of \$15 or less; sunglasses with a sales price of \$100 or less; binoculars with a sales prices of \$200 or less; water bottles with a sales price of \$30 or less; hydration packs with a sales price of \$50 or less; outdoor gas or charcoal grills with a sales price of \$250 or less; bicycle helmets with a sales price of \$50 or less; and bicycles with a sales price of \$500 or less.
- 5. "Residential pool supplies" means individual residential pool and spa replacement parts, nets, filters, lights, and covers with a sales price of \$100 or less; and residential pool and spa chemicals purchased by an individual with a sales price of \$150 or less.
- (2) The tax exemptions provided in this section do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida

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1280	Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2),
1281	Florida Statutes.
1282	(3) If a purchaser of an admission purchases the admission
1283	exempt from tax pursuant to this section and subsequently
1284	resells the admission, the purchaser shall collect tax on the
1285	full sales price of the resold admission.
1286	(4) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all
1287	conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to
1288	s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing
1289	this section.
1290	(5) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming
1291	a law.
1292	Section 27. Clothing, wallets, and bags; school supplies;
1293	learning aids and jigsaw puzzles; personal computers and
1294	personal computer-related accessories; sales tax holiday.—
1295	(1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
1296	may not be collected during the period from July 29, 2024,
1297	through August 11, 2024 on the retail sale of:
1298	(a) Clothing, wallets, or bags, including handbags,
1299	backpacks, fanny packs, and diaper bags, but excluding
1300	briefcases, suitcases, and other garment bags, having a sales
1301	price of \$100 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the
1302	term "clothing" means:
1303	1. Any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on

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or about the human body, excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry,

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umbrellas, and handkerchiefs; and

- 2. All footwear, excluding skis, swim fins, roller blades, and skates.
- (b) School supplies having a sales price of \$50 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the term "school supplies" means pens, pencils, erasers, crayons, notebooks, notebook filler paper, legal pads, binders, lunch boxes, construction paper, markers, folders, poster board, composition books, poster paper, scissors, cellophane tape, glue or paste, rulers, computer disks, staplers and staples used to secure paper products, protractors, and compasses.
- (c) Learning aids and jigsaw puzzles having a sales price of \$30 or less. As used in this paragraph, the term "learning aids" means flashcards or other learning cards, matching or other memory games, puzzle books and search-and-find books, interactive or electronic books and toys intended to teach reading or math skills, and stacking or nesting blocks or sets.
- (d) Personal computers or personal computer-related accessories purchased for noncommercial home or personal use having a sales price of \$1,500 or less. As used in this paragraph, the term:
- 1. "Personal computers" includes electronic book readers, calculators, laptops, desktops, handhelds, tablets, or tower computers. The term does not include cellular telephones, video game consoles, digital media receivers, or devices that are not

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primarily designed to process data.

- 2. "Personal computer-related accessories" includes keyboards, mice, personal digital assistants, monitors, other peripheral devices, modems, routers, and nonrecreational software, regardless of whether the accessories are used in association with a personal computer base unit. The term does not include furniture or systems, devices, software, monitors with a television tuner, or peripherals that are designed or intended primarily for recreational use.
- apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.
- (3) The tax exemptions provided in this section apply at the option of the dealer if less than 5 percent of the dealer's gross sales of tangible personal property in the prior calendar year consisted of items that would be exempt under this section. If a qualifying dealer chooses not to participate in the tax holiday, by July 15, 2024, the dealer must notify the Department of Revenue in writing of its election to collect sales tax during the holiday and must post a copy of that notice in a conspicuous location at its place of business.
 - (4) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all

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1355	conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to
1356	s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing
1357	this section.
1358	(5) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming
1359	a law.
1360	Section 28. Tools commonly used by skilled trade workers;
1361	Tool Time sales tax holiday.—
1362	(1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
1363	may not be collected during the period from September 1, 2024,
1364	through September 7, 2024, on the retail sale of:
1365	(a) Hand tools with a sales price of \$50 or less per item.
1366	(b) Power tools with a sales price of \$300 or less per
1367	<u>item.</u>
1368	(c) Power tool batteries with a sales price of \$150 or
1369	less per item.
1370	(d) Work gloves with a sales price of \$25 or less per
1371	pair.
1372	(e) Safety glasses with a sales price of \$50 or less per
1373	pair, or the equivalent if sold in sets of more than one pair.
1374	(f) Protective coveralls with a sales price of \$50 or less
1375	<pre>per item.</pre>
1376	(g) Work boots with a sales price of \$175 or less per
1377	pair.
1378	(h) Tool belts with a sales price of \$100 or less per
1379	item.

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1380	(i) Duffle bags or tote bags with a sales price of \$50 or
1381	less per item.
1382	(j) Tool boxes with a sales price of \$75 or less per item.
1383	(k) Tool boxes for vehicles with a sales price of \$300 or
1384	less per item.
1385	(1) Industry textbooks and code books with a sales price
1386	of \$125 or less per item.
1387	(m) Electrical voltage and testing equipment with a sales
1388	price of \$100 or less per item.
1389	(n) LED flashlights with a sales price of \$50 or less per
1390	<pre>item.</pre>
1391	(o) Shop lights with a sales price of \$100 or less per
1392	item.
1393	(p) Handheld pipe cutters, drain opening tools, and
1394	plumbing inspection equipment with a sales price of \$150 or less
1395	<pre>per item.</pre>
1396	(q) Shovels with a sales price of \$50 or less.
1397	(r) Rakes with a sales price of \$50 or less.
1398	(s) Hard hats and other head protection with a sales price
1399	of \$100 or less.
1400	(t) Hearing protection items with a sales price of \$75 or
1401	<u>less.</u>
1402	(u) Ladders with a sales price of \$250 or less.
1403	(v) Fuel cans with a sales price of \$50 or less.
1404	(w) High visibility safety vests with a sales price of \$30

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1405 or less.

- apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.
- (3) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing this section.

Section 29. (1) A county that has been designated as an area of critical state concern by law or by action of the Administration Commission pursuant to s. 380.05, Florida Statutes, and that levies both a tourist development tax pursuant to s. 125.0104, Florida Statutes, and a tourist impact tax pursuant to s. 125.0108, Florida Statutes, shall use the accumulated surplus from such taxes collected through September 30, 2024, whether held by the county directly or held by a land authority in that county created pursuant to s. 380.0663, Florida Statutes, for the purpose of providing housing that is both:

- (a) Affordable, as defined in s. 420.0004, Florida Statutes.
 - (b) Available to employees of tourism-related businesses

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1430 in the county.

(2) Any housing financed with funds from this surplus shall only be used to provide housing that is affordable, as defined in s. 420.0004, Florida Statutes, for a period of no fewer than 99 years.

Section 30. (1) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, to implement the amendments made by this act to ss. 212.05, 212.031 and 220.03, and the creation by this act of s. 220.1992, Florida Statutes.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergency rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are effective for 6 months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.

(2) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming a law and expires July 1, 2027.

Section 31. Except as otherwise provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

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